

# **Expressive Arts and Design**

Nursery	<b>Develop Matters PoS</b>	Knowledge	Skills	Concepts	Vocabulary				
Autumn Term 1									
Who am I?	Creating with Materials: Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.	I can represent things through drawing	Pencil grip, making marks with various materials	drawing, representing	line, circle, curve, drawing				
		Autumn Term	2						
Who is in my community?	Creating with Materials: Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.	I can represent things through drawing	Pencil grip, making marks with various materials	drawing, representing	line, circle, curve, drawing				
		Spring Term	1						
	Creating with Materials: Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.		planning, sticking, joining, building, cutting, choosing	building, making	cardboard, tape, stick, glue, clay, boat, penguin, snowy animal names				
How do we get to the South Pole?	Creating with Materials: Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.	I can use my imagination and free choice to make things	Planning, talking, trying out, seeing what works, trying again	choosing, trying out, ideas					
	Creating with Materials: Join different materials and explore different textures.	Different materials work well for different purposes	Joining, selecting, using senses to observe	touch, texture, join					
		Spring Term	2						
What can we grow?	Creating with Materials: Explore colour and colour-mixing.		Mixing colours using a variety of methods	colour, mix	Red, yellow, blue, green, orange, purple, brown, black, white				
		Summer Term	1						
What is under the sea?	Creating with Materials: Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.		Using drawing to create a picture of something real or imagined	line, circle, curve	line, circle, curve, face, eyes, nose, mouth, ears, loud, quiet, soft, fast, slow				
	Creating with Materials: Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.	I can represent sensations and concepts through drawing	Using drawing to create a picture of something real or imagined	draw, circle, dot, curve					
	Summer Term 2								
Where will adventure take us?	Creating with Materials: Show different emotions in their drawings – happiness, sadness, fear etc	I can represent emotions through drawing	Using drawing to express emotions	feelings, drawing	happy, sad, calm, frightened, angry, loved, excited				



# **Expressive Arts and Design**

Reception	Development Matters PoS	Knowledge	Skills	Concepts	Vocabulary
		Autumn Term	1		
	Explore different materials, using all their senses to investigate them.	Know that pictures can represent people and things.	Simple representations of events, people and objects	Drawing and mark making.	colour, drawing, portrait, fine motor, mark making.
What makes me happy and healthy?	Manipulate and play with different materials.	Explore how different materials can be used to create different effects.	Pencil grip and fine motor skils.	Representing self and identity through artwork.	
		Autumn Term	2		
Where in the world do	Explore different materials, using all their senses to investigate them.	Know materials can be used in different ways for desired effects.	Use various techniques and materials to create desired effects, such as joining materials together.	Colour theory, the natural world, exploring through senses,.	materials, create, representation, texture, joining,senses, mix, blend, shade
animals live?	Manipulate and play with different materials.	Know that there are Artists who create artwork.	Discuss own work and ideas and reflect on what they have achieved.	Being inspired by an artist.	
		Spring Term	1		
	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.	Knowing how to use and manipulate tools and materials to achieve a desired effect.	Being able to plan, create and evaluate a chosen project.	Emotions	design, create, manipulate, change, adapt, team work, tools, collaboration, colour theory
	Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.	Knowing that our own experiences can be used in our creations	Using our own experiences to influence our creations.	Design Technology	
What makes a good toy?		Knowing that everyone has their own ideas.	Communicate with peers as to how best to complete a project.	Evaluate	
toy r		Knowing that all ideas are valued and respected.	Use team work and turn taking skills.	Safety	

		Knowing that our own experiences can be used in our creations	Talking about own work and ideas a reflecting on their own outcomes.	Function	
		Know that colours can be mixed together to create other colours.		Imagination	
				Team work	
		Spring Term	2		
	Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.	Knowing that everybody has their own ideas and that they are all valuable.	Using appropriate language to facilitate collaborative language.	Design, technology, evaluate	collaboration, design, transient art, nature
What happens on the farm?		Understanding the importance of sharing.		Collaboration	
idiiii:		Know that we can use natural materials to create artwork.	Use natural materials to create pattern and texture	nature, pattern, texture	
		Summer Term	1		
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	They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function	I know that some tools and materials contain risk	I am able to use a variety of tools safely and correctly	Imagination	colour, experiment, texture, feel, scrunch, rip, press, engineer
How can I be a		I know that colours and materials can be used in different ways to achieve a desired effect	I can use different colours and materials when designing and creating my own project.	Design	
				Technology	
superhero?				Evaluate	
				Safety	
				Function	
				Listen	
				Contribute	
				Compromise Reflect	
		Summer Term	. 2	Reliect	
	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic	Know that they can use a variety	Use a range of tools appropriately.	Design	explore, create, design, plan,
	effects to express their ideas and feelings.	of tools to create different effects.	and a range of tools appropriately.	2 5 5 5 7 1	evaluate, explore,
Mhat gaar up up and	Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.	Know that they are always learning	Understand that to improve, we are always learning and continuing to develop ideas and learning.	Technology	materials, strong, adapt, develop printmaking
What goes up, up and away?		Know that they are able to return to previous learning. Know that they can develop learning.	Understand that they can express themselves in different ways.	Evaluate	
		Know that they can use materials to printmake	Identify ways in which they can develop ideas.	Safety	

		Function
		Imagination



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Year 1	National Curriculum PoS	Knowledge	Skills	Concepts	Vocabulary					
	Autumn Term									
	To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products	Understand drawing is a physical activity	Explore lines made by a drawing tool, made by moving fingers, wrist, elbow, shoulder and body.	emotion, movement	Spiral, Movement, Pressure, Motion, Line, Continuous Line, Small, Slow, Larger, Faster, Careful Hand, Wrist, Elbow, Shoulder Graphite, Chalk, Pen Drawing Surface (Paper, Ground)					
	To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination	Introduce what a sketchbook is for.	Use colour (pastels, chalks) intuitively to develop spiral drawings.	tools, techniques	Oil Pastel, Dark, Light, Blending Mark Making, Colour, Pattern, media					
DRAWING	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space	Look at the work of artists who draw, sculptors, and painters, listening to the artists' intention behind the work and the context in which it was made.	Develop experience of primary and secondary colours	colour, texture	Sketchbook, Pages, Elastic Band, Measure, Size, Cover, "Spaces and Places"					
Spirals Using drawing, collage and mark-making to explore spirals. Introducing sketchbooks.		Understand it is owned by the pupil for experimentation and exploration.	Practice observational drawing	imagination	Observation, Careful Looking, Object, Drawing, (Water Soluble), Colour,					
SREICHBOOKS.		Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.	Explore mark making	sketch, draw	Reflect, Discuss, Share, Think					
			Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked").	creative exploration	create, explore,					
			Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well").	peer discussion, reflection	present, reflect , share , respond, discuss					

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			Some children may feel able to share their response about classmates work.	display						
			Work at a scale to accommodate exploration	observation	scale. explore, experiment, mark making					
				experiment, mark making						
	Spring Term									
	to use a range of			characteristics of watercolour	Watercolour					
	materials creatively to design and make products				Wash					
	products				Wet on dry					
					Wet on wet					
					Mark making					
		Understand watercolour is a media which uses water and	Develop experience of primary		Primary colours, secondary colours, Colour mixing					
		pigment.	and secondary colours		Fluid,					
	To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.	Understand we can use a variety of brushes, holding them in a variety of ways to make watercolour marks	Explore mark making	artists, inspire, inform						
	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.	Look at the work of artists who draw, sculptors, and painters, listening to the artists' intention behind the work and the context in which it was made.	Explore watercolour in an intuitive way to build understanding of the properties of the medium.	accident, surprise	Imagination, Imagine, Happy Accident, Explore, Discover, See, Develop Scale					
PAINTING										
Exploring Watercolour Exploring watercolour and discovering we can use accidental marks to help us make art.	Talk about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work	Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.	Paint without a fixed image of what you are painting in mind.	Open-ended, exploration	Reflect, Share, Discuss					
			Respond to your painting, and try to "imagine" an							
			image within.	Imagination						
			Work back into your painting with paint, pen or coloured pencil to develop the imaginative imagery	media, different effects						

				Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well").  Some children may feel able to share their response about classmates work.	Inspiration, skillset, media, reflection, presentation	
			Summer Teri	m		
		To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products	Understand relief prints are made when we print from raised images (plates).	Pupils draw from first hand observation, observing detail using materials above plus pastel, oil pastel and or pencil crayon. Simple Printmaking Flora & Fauna	, ,	Print, Press, Pressure, Paint Primary colours: Red, Yellow, Blue Shape, Line, Arrangement
		To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination	Understand collage is the art of using elements of paper to make images	Use sketchbooks to: Test out printmaking ideas,Develop experience of primary and secondary colours, Practice observational drawing	sequence, symmetry, intention, overlaying shape and colour, experimetation, composition.	As above plus:  Rubbing, Texture,  Wax crayon, Pencil Crayon, Cut, Collage, Stick, Arrange  Explore, Try, Test, Reflect
(	PRINTING AND COLLAGE	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space	Understand we can create our own papers with which to collage	Use hands and feet to make simple prints, using primary colours	positive and negative, multiples, sequence	As above plus:  Artwork, Artist: Printmaker  Relief print, Plasticine, Plate, Impression,  Colour Mixing, Secondary Colours: Green, Orange, Purple  Pattern, Sequence, Picture,
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	flora and fauna. Make collages of MiniBeasts and display as a shared	To learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work	Look at the work of artists who draw, sculptors, and painters, listening to the artists' intention behind the work and the context in which it was made.  Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.	Collect textured objects and make rubbings, and press them into plasticine to create plates/prints (relief printing) exploring how we ink up the plates and transfer the image.		Image Reflect, Discuss, Share, Crit,

	"repeat" "pattern" "sequencing"	Repeating patterns	
	Collage with painted papers exploring colour, shape and composition	Overlaying, collage, composition	
	work, and share your response verbally ("I liked").	Appreciation, response, discussion, peer assessment. Reflection. Presentation	
	Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well").		
	Some children may feel able to share their response about classmates work.		



Year 2	National Curriculum PoS	Knowledge	Skills	Concepts	Vocabulary					
	Autumn Term									
					Explore, Collect, ReSee, Imagine, Curious,					
	to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products	Understand that we can use different media (sometimes combined in one drawing) to capture the nature of things we find.	Visit local environment, collect natural objects, explore composition and qualities of objects through arranging, sorting & representing. Photograph.	exploration, seeing things new ways, inspiration	Present, Re-present, arrange, composition  Photograph, Focus, Light, Shade,					
	to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination	Understand that we can hold our drawing tools in a variety of ways, experimenting with pressure, grip and speed to affect line.	Use drawing exercises to focus an exploration of observational drawing (of objects above) combined with experimental mark making, using graphite, soft pencil, handwriting pen.	environments, familiar, unfamiliar, fresh eyes, curiosity.	Observational Drawing, Close study, Draw slowly, Intention, Pressure, Line, Mark, Page Sense of Touch					
	to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space	Understand that we can combine collage with other disciplines such as drawing, printmaking and making	Work with care and focus, enjoying making drawings which are unrushed. Explore quality of line, texture and shape. Explore & Draw	find, observation, drawing	Wax resist, Graphite, Watercolour, Brusho, Pencil, Mark making, Line, Tone, Shape,					

	to learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work	Continue to build understanding that sketchbooks are places for personal experimentation.  Understand that the way each persons' sketchbook looks is unique to them	Create final collaged drawings which explore composition.	explore, inventive, creative risks, accidents, planning, successes. the shape of the page, arrange, elements, compositions	Reflect, Present, Share, Discuss, Feedback
DRAWING AND			Create final collaged drawings which explore composition.	reflect, evaluation	
PAINTING Explore & Draw Introducing the idea that artists can be collectors & explorers as they develop drawing and composition skills.			Work in sketchbooks to:  Explore the qualities of different media.  Make close observational drawings of small objects, drawn to scale, working slowly, developing mark making.  Make visual notes about artists studied.		
			Use the observational drawings made cutting the separate drawings out and using them to create a new artwork, thinking carefully about composition. Work into the collage with further drawing made in response to the collaged sheet.		
			Collage with drawings to create invented forms. Combine with making if appropriate.		

	Spring Tern	Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well").  Talk about intention.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences.  Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and focus. Some children may make films thinking about viewpoint, lighting & perspective. A		
to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products	Understand that we can create	Use paint, mixing colours, to complete the sculpture inspired by literature	literature, response.	Sketchbooks, Brainstorm, Explore, Experiment, Test, Try Out,
to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination	Continue to build understanding that sketchbooks are places for personal experimentation.  Understand that the way each persons' sketchbook looks is unique to them	Use Modroc or air dry clay to model characters inspired by literature. Consider form, texture, character, structure.	medium, re-interpreting, re-inventing. explore character, narrative and context	Line, Shape, Wash, Layer, Pen, Watercolour, Exaggerate, Gesture,
to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space	Understand that many makers use other artforms as inspiration, such as literature, film, drama or music.	Make an armature to support the sculpture.	explore character, narrative, and context, sculptures, form, texture, material, construction, and colour	Sculpture, Armature, Structure, Cover, Modroc, Clay, Construct, Model, Character, Personality,

3D AND RELIEF Telling Stories Through Making Explore how artists are inspired by other art forms – in this case how we make sculpture inspired by literature and film (Possibly make the animated puppets for the next term on photography and IT animation)	craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links	sculpture by moulding with our fingers it is called modelling (an additive process). Telling Stories	Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well").  Talk about intention.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences.  Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and focus. Some children may make films thinking about viewpoint, lighting & perspective.	Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Feedback, Photograph, Lighting, Composition, Focus, Intention,
		That clay and Modroc are soft materials which finally dry/set hard. Telling Stories		
		An armature is an interior framework which support a sculpture. Telling Stories		

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	Understand artists take their inspiration from around them, collecting and transforming.			
	Understand that in art we can experiment and discover things for ourselves.			
	Look at the work of a printmaker, an architect, and artists and learn to dissect their work to help build understanding. Understand how the artists experience feeds into their work.			
	Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.			
	Summer Ter	m	·	
to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products	Understand that animators make drawings that move	Use imaginative and observational drawing skills to make drawings of people/animals which can be animated. Consider background, foreground and subject.	animations, drawings, movement, sequence.	Animate, Animation, Animator,
to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination	Continue to build understanding that sketchbooks are places for personal experimentation.  Understand that the way each persons' sketchbook looks is unique to them	Make visual notes using a variety of media using the "Show Me What You See" technique when looking at other artists work to help consolidate learning and make the experience your own. Animated Drawings	mark making, imagination, visually engaging.	Character, Movement, Pose, Action, Gesture, Intention,
to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space	Understand that articulated drawings can be animated. A	Develop mark making skills. Animated Drawings	moving drawings, narratives.	Background, Foreground, Tools, Scissors, Paper Fastener, Tape, Stick,

	about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work	Understand that artists reinvent. Understand that as artists, we can take the work of others and re-form it to suit us. That we can be inspired by the past and make things for the future	Brainstorm animation ideas. Animated Drawings Develop Mark Making Shadow Puppets	reflect, evaluation	Presentation, Performance, Share, Reflect, Respond, Feedback, Film, Focus, Lighting, Stage, Arena,
		Understand artists take their inspiration from around them, collecting and transforming.  Understand that in art we can experiment and discover things for ourselves.	Make visual notes to capture, consolidate and reflect upon the artists studied. Shadow Puppets		
PHOTOGRAPHY AND IT Making Animated Drawings Explore how to create simple moving		Look at the work of a printmaker, an architect, and artists and learn to dissect their work to help build understanding. Understand how the artists experience feeds into their work.			
drawings by making paper "puppets" and animate them using tablets.  Shadow Puppets  Explore how traditional and contemporary artists use cutouts and shadow puppets.		Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.			
			Cut out drawings and make simple articulations to make drawings which can be animated. Combine with digital media to make animations.		
			Combine making with drawing skills to create shadow puppets using cut and constructed lines, shapes and forms from a variety of materials. Working collaboratively to perform a simple show sharing a narrative which has meaning to you.		

	Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well").  Talk about intention.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences.  Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and focus. Some children may make films thinking	
	children may make films thinking about viewpoint, lighting & perspective. A	



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Year 3	National Curriculum PoS	Knowledge	Skills	Concepts	Vocabulary			
Autumn Term								
	to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Understand that designers create fonts and work with Typography. Typography & Maps	Create fonts inspired by objects/elements around you. Use close observational drawing with pen to inspire, and use creative skills to transform into letters.  Typography & Maps	designers, fonts, layout, typography. words, visual, design, communicate, ideas, emotions.	Typography, Lettering, Graphics, Design,  Communicate, Emotions, Purpose, Intention,  Playful, Exploratory,			
	to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand that some artists use graphic skills to create pictorial maps, using symbols (personal and cultural) to map identity as well as geography. Typography & Maps	Draw over maps/existing marks to explore how you can make mark making more visually powerful. Typography & Maps	create, typography, combine, visual elements, themes.				
	about great artists, architects and designers in history	To understand that visual artists look to other artforms for inspiration.  Look at the work of an artist who uses gestural marks which convey movement, illustrators and makers who take inspiration from literature, painters who also use textiles and artists who animate their work.  Understand artists often collaborate on projects, bringing different skills together.  Deconstruct and discuss an original artwork, using the sketchbooks to make visual notes to nurture pupils own creative response to the work.  Understand we may all have	Combine drawing with making to create pictorial / 3 dimension maps which explore qualities of your personality or otherwise respond to a theme. Explore line weight, rhythm, grip, mark making and shape, and explore how 2d can become 3d through manipulation of paper. Typography & Maps		Visual Impact,			
Typography & Maps Exploring how we can create typography through drawing and design, and use our skills to create personal and highly visual		different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.						

maps.			Reflect upon the artists' work, and		Dietorial Mana Identity Symbols	
			share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of").		Pictorial Maps, Identity, Symbols,	
			Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might). Talk about intention.			
			Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.			
			Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work and respond.			
			Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and			
	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design		focus. Some children may make films thinking about viewpoint, lighting & perspective.			
			Work in sketchbooks to: Make visual notes to capture, consolidate and reflect upon the artists studied.	reflection, evaluation	Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Articulate, Feedback, Crit, Similarities, Differences,	
		_	Explore mark making.			
		Spring Tern	n			
	to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Understand that primary colours can be mixed together to make secondary colours of different hues. Music & Art	Explore colour and colour mixing. Music & Art	aritsts, sounds, inspire partnership, musicians aural, visual, senses	Music, Rhythm, Gesture, Mark Making, Listen, Respond	
	to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Continue to build understanding that sketchbooks are places for personal experimentation.	Collage with drawings to create invented forms. Combine with making if appropriate. Music & Art	imagination, abstract, express, feelings, quiet, focussed, loud, expressive.	Mark Making, Line Weight, Speed, Pressure, Media, Abstract, Informed,	
	about great artists, architects and designers in history	Understand that the way each persons' sketchbook looks is unique to them.	Explore the qualities of different media. Music & Art		Line, Shape, Colour, Form, Texture, Balance,	

		Develop techniques, including their control	Make a new sketchbook (Elastic Band of Hole Punch) OR		inventive, invented instruments / objects, 3D, sounds, interact	Scale, Devise, Invent, Combine, Express, Try, Explore,	
ı		and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design	make Spaces and Places inside a bought sketchbook.	Make drawings inspired by sound		Design Through Making, Construct, Fasten,	
			To understand that visual artists look to other artforms for inspiration.		reflection, evaluation	Present, Share, Reflect, Discuss, Respond, Listen, Feedback,	
			Look at the work of an artist who uses gestural marks which convey movement, illustrators and makers who take inspiration from literature, painters who also use textiles and artists who animate their work.				
			Understand artists often collaborate on projects, bringing different skills together.				
	PAINTING Music & Art Explore how we can make art inspired by the sounds we hear.		Deconstruct and discuss an original artwork, using the sketchbooks to make visual notes to nurture pupils own creative response to the work.				
			Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid. A	Create final collaged drawings which explore composition			

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		Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might). Talk about intention.  Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work and respond.  Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and focus. Some			
		children may make films thinking about viewpoint, lighting & perspective.			
	Summer Ter				
to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Continue to build understanding that sketchbooks are places for personal experimentation.	Work in sketchbooks to:  Make visual notes using a variety of media using the "Show Me What You See" technique when looking at other artists work to help consolidate learning and make the experience your own.  Develop mark making skills.  Brainstorm animation ideas.	inspired, artworks, creative response.	"Show Me What You See", Response, Sketch, Note, Line, Shape, Capture, Share,	
to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand that the way each persons' sketchbook looks is unique to them	Use mono print or screen print over collaged work to make a creative response to an original artwork. Consider use of layers to develop meaning	shapes, colour, simplify, elements, world positive, negative	Cut, Direct, Try, Explore, Test,	
about great artists, architects and designers in history	Make a new sketchbook (Elastic Band of Hole Punch) OR make Spaces and Places inside a bought sketchbook.	Explore colour and colour mixing	arrange, shapes, compositions build, imagery, layering	Colour, Shape, Elements, Composition, Arrange,	

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	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design		Collage with drawings to create invented forms. Combine with making if appropriate.	collage, inspire, prints, layering	Negative, Positive, Shape.	
PRINTING AND COLLAGE Working with Shape and Colour "Painting with Scissors": Collage and stencil in response to looking at artwork.		Understand that screen prints are made by forcing ink over a stencil. Working with Shape & Colour  Understand that mono print can be used effectively to create prints which use line. That screen prints can be used to create prints which use thicker lines	appropriate.  Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might). Talk about intention.  Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work and respond.  Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and focus. Some children may make films thinking		Photograph, Composition, Lighting, Focus, Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Feedback,	
		and / or shapes. Working with Shape & Colour	about viewpoint, lighting & perspective			
		Understand that primary colours can be mixed together to make secondary colours of different hues.				

To understand that visual artists		
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Look at the work of an artist who		
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illustration and		
illustrators and		
makers who take inspiration from		
literature,		
painters who also use textiles and		
artists who		
animate their work.		
Understand artists often		
collaborate on projects,		
bringing different skills together		
bringing different skills together.		
Deconstruct and discuss an		
original artwork, using		
the sketchbooks to make visual		
notes to nurture		
pupils own creative response to		
the work.		
Understand we may all have		
different responses in		
terms of our thoughts and the		
things we make. That		
we may share similarities.		
Understand all responses		
are valid. A		
•	•	



Year 4	National Curriculum PoS	Knowledge	Skills	Concepts	Vocabulary						
	Autumn Term										
	to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	That still life is a genre which artists have enjoyed for hundreds of years,, and which contemporary artists still explore today. Exploring Still Life	To explore colour (and colour mixing), line, shape, pattern and composition in creating a still life. To consider lighting, surface, foreground and background. Exploring Still Life	artists, response, static, objects, still life.	Still Life, Genre, Traditional, Contemporary,  Objects, Arrangements, Composition, Viewfinder, Lighting, Background, Foreground,  Light, Dark, Tone, Shadow, Colour, Hue, Tint,						
	to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand that artists use sketchbooks for different purposes and that each artist will find their own ways of working in a sketchbook	To use close observation and try different hues and tones to capture 3d form in 2 dimensionsExploring Still Life	still life, genre, history, present, relevant comments, meaning, objects, portray							
	about great artists, architects and designers in history	Understand that still life name given to the genre of painting (or making) a collection of objects/elements. Exploring Still Life	Options to work in clay, making reliefs inspired by fruit still lives, or make 3d graphic still lives using ink and foamboard. Exploring Still Life	still life, creative, response, media: drawing, painting, collage, relief  line, shape, colour, texture, form, meaning, explore, composition, foreground, background, negative space.	Elements, Pattern, Texture, Colour, Relationship, Mark Making, Appearance, 2D, 3D,						
			Use sketchbooks to:  Practise drawing skills. Exploring Still Life Make visual notes to record ideas and processes discovered through looking at other artists. Exploring Still Life	reflection, evaluation	Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Articulate, Feedback, Crit, Similarities, Differences,						
	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design	That still life is a genre which artists have enjoyed for hundreds of years,, and which contemporary artists still explore today.  Exploring Still Life	Test and experiment with materials. Exploring Still Life Brainstorm pattern, colour, line and shape. Exploring Still Life								

<b>DRAWI</b>	NG	<b>AND</b>
PAIN	<b>ITI</b>	1G

Exploring Still Life
Explore artists working with the genre of still life, contemporary and more traditional. Create your own still life inspired art work.

e of		Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of It links to").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about	
		intention.  Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about	
	Look at the work of illustrators and graphic artists, painters and sculptors. Understand the processes, intentions an outcomes of different artists, using visual notes in a sketchbook to help consolidate and own the	your own work and respond.	
	Understand artists often collaborate on projects, bringing different skills together.		
	Deconstruct and discuss an original artwork, using the sketchbooks to make visual notes to nurture pupils own creative response to the work.		
	Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.		
	Understand that artists use sketchbooks for different purposes and that each artist will find their own ways of working in a sketchbook		

		Spring Tern	n		
	to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Understand that artists use sketchbooks for different purposes and that each artist will find their own ways of working in a sketchbook.	Use Design through Making philosophy to playfully construct towards a loose brief.	art, playful, fun	Design Through Making, Play, Explore, Experiment, Fasten, Construct, Respond, Think Form, Personality, Character,
	to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand when we make sculpture by adding materials it is called Construction	Transform found objects into sculpture, using imagination and construction techniques including cutting, tying, sticking. Think about shape (2d), form (3d), texture, colour and structure	artists, creativity, imagination, look at the world in new ways, transform, materials create, use, enjoy	Material, Object, Sculpture Find, Imagine, Select, Discard, Edit,  Transform, Create Line, Shape, Form, Angle, Scale, Structure, Balance, Sculpture, Colour, materials, Texture  Test, Explore, Add,
3D AND RELIEF Stick Transformation Project Explore how you can transform a familiar object into new and fun forms	about great artists, architects and designers in history	Look at the work of illustrators and graphic artists, painters and sculptors. Understand the processes, intentions an outcomes of different artists, using visual notes in a sketchbook to help consolidate and own the learning.  Understand artists often collaborate on projects, bringing different skills together.  Deconstruct and discuss an original artwork, using the sketchbooks to make visual notes to nurture pupils own creative response to the work.  Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.	Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of It links to").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about intention.  Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work and respond.  Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and focus. Some children may make films thinking about viewpoint, lighting & perspective.	,	Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Feedback  Photograph, Film, Document, Lighting, Focus, Angle, Composition, Record

Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design				
	Summer Ter	m		
to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Understand that artists sometimes use their skills, vision and creativity to speak on behalf of communities they represent, to try to change the world for the better. Activism Understand that the nature of the object (artwork in gallery, graffiti on wall, zine) can be specific to the intention of the artist.	and/or monoprinting over collaged and	artists, express, opinions, skills, speak, sectors of society. activists, print, duplicate, distribute, message	Activism Voice Message Community
to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand that the nature of the object (artwork in gallery, graffiti on wall, zine) can be specific to the intention of the artist.	Use sketchbooks to:  Practise seeing negative and positive shapes. Activism Explore what your passions, hopes and fears might be. What makes you you? How can you find visual equivalents for the words in your head?  Explore colour: make colours, collect colours, experiment with how colours work together.  Explore combinations and layering of media.  Explore combinations and layering of media.  Make visual notes to capture, consolidate and reflect upon the artists studied.	carefully chosen image, powerful, communicate, direct, crossing boundaries, language. activism, come together	Poster Zine Screenprinting

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PHOTOGRAPHY AND IT Activism Explore how artists use their skills to speak on behalf of communities. Make art about things you care about	about great artists, architects and designers in history	purposes and that each artist will find their own ways	Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of It links to").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about intention.  Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about	Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Articulate, Feedback, Crit, Similarities, Differences,
			Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about	
			to feedback about your own work and respond.  Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and focus. Some children may make	
			films thinking about viewpoint, lighting & perspective.	

	Look at the work of illustrators and graphic artists, painters and sculptors. Understand the processes, intentions an outcomes of different artists, using visual notes in a sketchbook to help consolidate and own the learning.		
	Understand artists often collaborate on projects, bringing different skills together.  Deconstruct and discuss an original artwork, using the sketchbooks to make visual notes to nurture pupils own creative response to the work.		
Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design	Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid		



Year 5	National Curriculum PoS	Knowledge	Skills	Concepts	Vocabulary
		Autumn Terr	n		
	to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Understand that designers & makers sometimes work towards briefs, but always brings their own experience in the project to bear.	Explore what kinds of topics or themes YOU care about. Articulate your fears, hopes, dreams. Think about what you could create (possibly working collaboratively) to share your voice and passion with the world. Exploring Identity	culture, background, experiences, passions, relate identity, explore	Identity, Layer, Constructed,
	to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand that artists and designers add colour, texture, meaning and richness to our life.	Explore what your passions, hopes and fears might be. What makes you you? How can you find visual equivalents for the words in your head?		Portraiture
	about great artists, architects and designers in history	Look at the work of designers, artists, animators, architects.	Explore combinations and layering of media. Exploring Identity Develop Mark Making	techniques, imagery, complex, reflect, identities viewers, 'read' imagery, understand, experience	Layering Digital Art, Physical,
	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design	Understand the processes, intentions an outcomes of different artists, using visual notes in a sketchbook to help consolidate and own the learning.	Make visual notes to capture, consolidate and reflect upon the artists studied.	reflect, evaluation	Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Articulate, Feedback, Crit, Similarities, Differences,

DRAWING Exploring Identity. Discover how artists use layers and juxtaposition to create artwork which explores identity.	Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid	Explore how we can use layers (physical or digital) to explore and build portraits of ourselves which explore aspects of our background, experience, culture and personality.	
explores identity.		Make independent decisions as to which materials are best to use, which kinds of marks, which methods will best help you explore. Exploring Identity	
		Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of It links to").	
		Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about intention.	
		Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.	
		Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work and respond.	
		Discuss the ways in which artists have a responsibility to themselves/society. What purpose does art serve?	
	Spring Tern	1	

	to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Understand that some painters use expressive, gestural marks in their work, often resulting in abstract, expressionist painting.		expressive painting, mark making representational, abstract colour, intuitively, exploratory	Gesture, Gestural, Mark making, Loose, Evocative, Emotion, Intention, Exploration, Reaction, Response Personal, Imagination, Energy, Impression, Colour, Life, Shape, Form, Texture, Line
	to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]		Explore colour and colour mixing.	enjoyment, respond, paint and colour	Primary Colours (Red, Yellow, Blue), Secondary Colours (Green, Purple, Orange), Tints, Hues, Medium, Surface, Texture, Impasto
		Understand that the properties of the paint that you use, and how you use it, will affect your mark making.	Explore colour mixing through gestural mark making, initially working without a subject matter to allow exploration of media.		Brush, Mark making Tools, Palette Knife, Home-Made Tools, Abstract, Explore, Invent, Discover, Reflect,
	about great artists, architects and designers in history	Understand that primary colours can be mixed together to make secondary colours of different hues.	Experiment with using home made tools.	Expressive paintings, representational, abstract.  mark making impasto, sgraffito, texture	Focus, Detail, Dissect, Imagine, Intention
PAINTING Expressive Painting.	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design	Understand the concept of still life.	Create an arrangement of objects or elements. Use as the focus for an abstract still life painting using gestural marks using skills learnt above.	enjoyment, respond, paint and colour	Still Life, Line, Rhythm, Gesture, Mark Composition, Positive shapes, Negative shapes Balance,

Explore how painters sometimes use			Reflect upon the artists' work, and	reflect, evaluation	Present, Share, Reflect, Discuss,
paint in an expressive and gestural way.  Explore colour mixing and experimental			share your		Feedback,
Explore colour mixing and experimental			response verbally ("I liked I		
mark making to create abstract still lifes.			didn't understand		
			it reminded me of It links to").		
			Present your own artwork (journey		
			and any final		
			outcome), reflect and share		
			verbally ("I enjoyed		
			This went well I would have		
			liked next time I		
			might I was inspired by). Talk		
			about		
			intention.		
			Work collaboratively to present		
			outcomes to		
			others where appropriate. Present		
			as a team.		
			Share responses to classmates		
			work,		
			appreciating similarities and		
			differences. Listen to		
			feedback about your own work		
			and respond.		
			Document work using still image		
			(photography)		
			or by making a drawing of the		
			work. If using		
			photography consider lighting and		
			focus. Some		
			children may make films thinking		
			about		
			viewpoint, lighting & perspective.		
			Discuss the ways in which artists		
			have a		
			responsibility to		
			themselves/society. What		
			purpose does art serve?		
		Summer Terr	m		
	to create sketch books to record their		Use colour, composition,	mindfulness	Pattern, Sensory, Playful, Mindful
	observations and use them to review and	Understand artists can work with	elements, line,		Exploratory, Point, Line, Rhythm,
	revisit ideas	pattern for different reasons:	shape to create pattern working		Shapes, Circles, Ovals, Curves
		Understand Surface Pattern	with		
			tessellations, repeat pattern or		Purpose, Decorative, Pleasing,
		patterns for products: Artists work	folding		Aesthetic,
			patterns.		
		other works.			

to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand working with pattern uses lots of different concepts including repetition, sequencing, symmetry.	Use sketchbooks to: Practise drawing skills.  Make visual notes to record ideas and processes discovered through looking at other artists.	line, shape, colour, patterns.	Generate, Explore, Experiment,
about great artists, architects and designers in history	Understand that patterns can be purely decorative or hold symbolic significance. They can be personal or cultural. Exploring Pattern	Test and experiment with materials.  Brainstorm pattern, colour, line and shape.  Reflect.  Make visual notes to record ideas and processes discovered through looking at other artists.  Test and experiment with materials.  Brainstorm pattern, colour, line and shape. Exploring Pattern	folding, cutting, collage, pattern. repeated patterns, products, outcomes.	Tessellated, Design, Colour, Negative, Positive Shapes, Surface Pattern, Repeating, Composition, Juxtaposition, Collage, Arrange Fold, Origami, Design,

PRINTING AND COLLAGE Exploring Pattern. Exploring how we can use colour, line and shape to create patterns, including repeating patterns			Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of It links to").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might. I was inspired by). Talk about intention.	reflection	Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Articulate, Feedback, Crit, Similarities, Differences,
			Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.		
			Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work and respond.		
			Document work using still image (photography) or by making a drawing of the work. If using photography consider lighting and focus. Some children may make films thinking about viewpoint, lighting & perspective.		
	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design	Look at the work of designers, artists, animators, architects.	Discuss the ways in which artists have a responsibility to themselves/society. What purpose does art serve? All Pat		
		Understand the processes, intentions an outcomes of different artists, using visual notes in a sketchbook to help consolidate and own the learning.			
		Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid.			



Year 6	National Curriculum PoS	Knowledge	Skills	Concepts	Vocabulary
		Autumn Teri	m		
	To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Understand that there is a tradition of artists working from land, sea or cityscapes. That artists use a variety of media to capture the energy of a place, and that artists often work outdoors to do this. Mixed Media Landscapes	Explore how you can you paint (possibly combined with drawing) to capture your response to a place. Explore how the media you choose, combined with the marks you make and how you use your body will affect the end result. Think about colour, composition and mark making. Think about light and dark, movement and energy		Landscape, Cityscape, Working from Life, Mixed Media, Senses, SLandscape, Cityscape, Working from Life, Mixed Media, Senses, Spirit, Energy, Capture, Composition, Format, Present, Share, Reflect, Respond, Articulate, Feedback, Crit, Similarities, Differences, pirit, Energy, Capture,
	To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand that artists use art to explore their own experience, and that as viewers we can use our visual literacy skills to learn more about both the artist and ourselves.	Use sketchbooks to: Explore mark making. Mixed Media Landscapes  Make visual notes to capture, consolidate and reflect upon the artists studied. Mixed Media Landscapes	work outside (plein air), senses	
	To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history	Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid	Experiment with different media and different marks to capture the energy of a landscape. Explore colour, and colour mixing, working intuitively to mix hues and tints, but able to articulate the processes involved.	transience- no 'end result'	
DRAWING AND	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design		Make visual notes to capture, consolidate and reflect upon the artists studied	experimentation, creative risks	

PAINTING - Mixed Media Land and City Scapes	Great artists and designers in history Create sketchbooks to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas		Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of It links to").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about intention.  Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work and respond.	sharing, discoveries, inspirations
		Spring Term	1	
	to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	Understand there is a relationship between drawings on paper (2d) and making (3d). That we can transform 2d drawings into 3d objects.	Pupils draw from paused film, observing detail using pencil, graphite, handwriting pen	stimulus, starting point, results observational drawing, experimental mark making
	to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	Understand that sculpture is the name sometimes given for artwork which exists in three dimensions.	Practice observational drawing	stimulus, starting point, results.  observational drawing, experimental mark making
	about great artists, architects and designers in history	Understand the meaning of "Design through Making"	Explore mark making	stimulus, starting point, results observational drawing, experimental mark making

		Understand		relationship, drawing & making	]
	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design	collage is the art of using elements of paper to make images.	Use a combination of two or more materials to make sculpture.	transform, 2d, 3d	
	or different kinds of art, craft and design	Understand we can create our own papers with which to collage	Use construction methods to build.	relationship, drawing & making. transform, 2d, 3d	
3D and Relief - Making Mythical Creatures ( Using Access Art 'Making Birds' and 'Flying Minpin Birds' resource)		Look at the work of designers, artists, art activists, installation artists, craftspeople and puppeteers.	Work in a playful, exploratory way, responding to a simple brief, using Design through Making philosophy	collaboration, individual results, whole artwork	
		Understand that artists use art to explore their own experience, and that as viewers we can use our visual literacy skills to learn more about both the artist and ourselves.	Combine collage with making by cutting and tearing drawn imagery, manipulating it into simple 3d forms to add to sculpture.		Lines, Shapes, Mark Making, Texture
		Understand we may all have different responses in terms of our thoughts and the things we make. That we may share similarities. Understand all responses are valid	Reflect upon the artists' work, and share your response verbally ("I liked I didn't understand it reminded me of It links to").  Present your own artwork (journey and any final outcome), reflect and share verbally ("I enjoyed This went well I would have liked next time I might I was inspired by). Talk about intention.  Work collaboratively to present outcomes to others where appropriate. Present as a team.  Share responses to classmates work, appreciating similarities and differences. Listen to feedback about your own work and respond.		Soft pencil, Graphite, Handwriting Pen, Pastel, Oil Pastel, ColoObservation, Close study, Blending, Texture Explore, Discover Transform, Fold Tear Crumple Collage Sculpture, Structure, Balance Texture, Personality, Character, Installation Flock Collaboration

					Present, Reflect, Share, Discuss ured pencil,			
Summer Term								
PHOTOGRAPHY GRAPHIC DESIGN AND IT (SUPPORTING ENTERPRISE PROJECT)  2D Drawing to 3D Making Explore how 2D drawings can be transformed to 3D objects. Work towards a sculptural outcome or a graphic design outcome	to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas  to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and	2d	Explore using negative and positive space to "see" and draw a simple element/object.  Use the grid system to scale up the image above, transferring	relationship, drawing, making manipulation, 2D, 3D relationship, drawing, making	.2D Drawing 3D Object			
	sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	drawings into 3d objects.	the image onto card.	manipulation, 2D, 3D				
	about great artists, architects and designers in history	Understand that there are technical processes we can use to help us see, draw and scale up our work such as the grid method	Use collage to add tonal marks to the "flat image".	methods, negative space manipulation, 2D, 3D				
	Develop techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design	Understand that graphic designers use typography and image to create packaging which we aspire to use.	Use sketchbooks to:  Practise seeing negative and positive shapes.  Using the grid method to scale up an image.		Packaging Negative space Grid method Scaling up			
			Develop Mark Making.	transform, 2D, line, mark making, value, shape, colour, pattern, composition challenge, 2D, 3D, invention, logic	Net, Typography, Graphic Design			
			Make visual notes to capture, consolidate and reflect upon the artists studied.	reflection, evaluation	Collage			
					Structure			
					Balance Present, Share, Reflect, Respond,			